

THE RALEIGH NEWS

We invite attention to the admirable address of the Democratic Executive Committee of this District, which will be found in another column. It presents, in a succinct and condensed form, the issues at stake, and makes an appeal to the Democrats of the District which is both timely and eloquent. Let us heed its words of wisdom and warning.

Jo. Turner calls on the white and black Raleghites to assist him in "log-rolling" (to use his own expression) the rogues out of the Democratic party. Let him name the "rogues." Who are they, and where are they? It is easy enough to name the men who are to help him "log-roll." At either end of the log he would place Tourgeon, and "Windy Billy," McLindsey, Sam Watts, Cuffee Mayo, and the like, while he occupies the central position as boss "roller." What a spectacle! It promises more fun than a front seat at a monkey show.

We alluded, on yesterday, to Kilpatrick's military performance and sham battle in New Jersey. It turned out that it was not altogether a success, being a trifle too much like the devastation of real war. He allowed no assistance in the arrangements, which all broke down under the first onset of the crowd, and the host had to take musket and drive a hungry mob of veterans away from the camp-kitchen on the first evening. There must have been a good many of his old cavalry present too, who have not unlearned their old proclivities, judging from the fact that his horse was gutted of their harvest on the following night, his orchards ruined and his house spring bathed in by his rough guests. A veteran from Pennsylvania was so mad because the general did not recognize him after 12 years, that he marched his horse back to the railroad station, and telegraphed Gov. Hartranft not to attend. It seems to have been a bad investment for Kilpatrick.

Hon. Kenneth Rayner, Solicitor of the Treasury, has been removed, it is said, to make room for a Mr. Ray, late attorney for the Louisiana Returning Board. So John Sherman has rewarded another of his guilty accomplices in the great crime! Ray, Jenks, Levee, Packard, and others, have thus been provided for with a brazen effrontery that, in itself, a confession of service rendered in the colossal fraud. Mr. Rayner made an acceptable officer. His official opinions, however, have been written from too conscientious a standpoint to suit his unscrupulous employers. We have not been among those, of course, who have admired Mr. Rayner's vacillations, but we remember him as a North Carolinian of commanding intellect, who, in former days, occupied a prominent position in our political history and affairs, and whose person, integrity the breath of slander never tarnished.

The Hon. Joseph J. Davis is at present in Johnston, which county he proposes to give a thorough canvass. We hope to announce a full list of appointments for him in a day or two. Meanwhile, we may state, for the information of the people of Chatham, that he will speak in Pittsboro on Tuesday, 17th inst. We hope that the men of influence throughout the District will at once buckle on their harness and go to work to aid our gallant standard-bearer. Let the men who are in the habit of addressing the people on political matters volunteer their services and discuss before them the issues of the day. They need not to have properly impressed upon them the importance, to themselves and the country, of those issues,—the terrible danger that lies in the loss of the next House of Representatives,—and they will be equal to the exigency. The people have never failed when their rights and liberties were imperiled, when they knew and appreciated the fact.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

By Telegraph to the News.
WASHINGTON, September 3.—The Secretary of the Treasury has just issued a circular, giving notice that the standard silver dollar will be sent to parties desiring at the expense of the government in sums not exceeding ten thousand dollars.

It is positively known that the letter of the Secretary of the State to the British Government on the subject of the Canadian fisheries award as excessive contains no suggestions of reciprocity with Canada or of any other commercial arrangement.

Gen. Lew Wallace, of Indiana, has been appointed Governor of New Mexico, vice Axtell suspended.

The Turf.

By Telegraph to the News.
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., August 8.—The first day western circuit race. First race mile dash won by Bell Dillon; time 1:44. Second running stake three year olds mile and repeat was won by speculation Mollie Merrill second, Gov. Neptune third; time 1:43.4, 44, and 49. The first race of 240 class purse of 500 dollars was won by Orphan Girl. John Cook second Royal Chief third; time 2:33, 2:32.4, 33.4 and 53.4.

Foreign Intelligence.

By London to the News.
LONDON, Sept. 3.—It is stated that commander Cameron will start for Cyprus soon, thence he will cross to Asia Minor to survey a route for the construction of a railway to the Persian Gulf. His route will lie through Alas, Marash, Aintab, Diarbekir, Mardin, Mosul, Bagdad and Bussorah. The survey will probably occupy 10 months.

THE YELLOW FEVER.

Appealing State of Affairs at Vicksburg.

By Telegraph to the News.
NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 3.—The Howard Association reports a large increase of fever cases among the negroes. One member of the Visiting Committee reports on his list nine negroes in one house on Constance street, and six in one house on Theresa. The same Association reports 243 applications for relief to-day. The Peabody Relief Association is getting well under way. They filled 1,300 requisitions for rations to-day. The Young Men's Christian Association Relief Committee are doing noble work. To date, they have attended to the wants of 501 fever patients, and to-day in response to a request of the Peabody Association, issued ninety-two requisitions for rations. The members are visiting the houses of applicants and satisfying themselves of their wants. Weekly mortality report, ending Sunday 6 p. m., shows 596 deaths, 411 being from yellow fever, of which 391 were recorded as white persons, and 20 colored.

GRENADA, Miss., Sept. 3.—Six deaths, three white and three colored persons. Eight new cases to-day, the whites were Col. B. P. Anderson, of the Memphis Howards, Postmaster Cole and a young man, name unknown. Col. Anderson's remains are just about leaving on a special train for Memphis. Like almost all other cases, he was getting along nicely until a very short time before his death.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The Secretary of War to-day responded to a call for relief from the Federal officers in New Orleans by ordering rations for twenty days to be issued to two thousand of the suffering poor of that city. If not sufficient rations there for that purpose a special train with such supplies will be sent from Chicago. While the Secretary is responding to the appeal, acts under the law of charity alone, he has no doubt that the act will meet with the full approval of Congress. This relief to New Orleans, and that heretofore to Memphis, are as he said this morning, exceptional cases, justified by the law of charity alone, and as he seemed, by the strongest appeals of humanity for all possible relief in that plague stricken locality, and as the government cannot be depended on for continued supplies, he expressed the hope that private charity would continue to be exerted in that direction.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 3.—The weather was cloudy with light showers. A special to the Times from Oskyo, Mississippi, says: "We have ten or fifteen cases of bilious fever, but not a single case of yellow fever. Should the yellow fever make its appearance in our town, we will wire you at once."

GRENADA, Sept. 3.—There have been four new cases and three deaths since the last report. Dr. J. Wallace, formerly of New Orleans, practicing chiefly among the negroes, says that it is the hope that private charity will continue to be exerted in that direction.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Subscriptions were received to-day at the Mayor's office to the amount of \$1,128 for the relief of the suffering. The Southern Relief Committee of the Chamber of Commerce met to-day. Up to noon subscriptions, amounting to \$966.96 were received, making the total amount subscribed to date, \$47,242.56. The committee resolved not to send any money South to-day.

General Gibson, member of Congress from the 1st District of Louisiana, sent the following letter to the Secretary of War:

"The necessity for relief cannot be exaggerated. I hope you will extend it through the Peabody Association. I feel confident that Congress will confirm such action."

The Police Superintendent has ordered boxes to be placed in the stations for the subscription for the afflicted policemen and their families in the fever district.

The Brooklyn relief aggregates \$3,725 to date.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 3.—The Lomax Fire Company of this city, sends \$100 to the association of New Orleans firemen.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 3.—New cases reported, 327; deaths, 82.

CAIRO, Ill., Sept. 3.—A telegram from Hickman, Ky., forty miles below Memphis, reports that persons sick, and ten or twelve deaths, from what is supposed to be yellow fever. None here yet.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 3.—Only two physicians had made reports of new cases. The undertakers report 51 yellow fever interments up to noon. Father McNamara, of St. Patrick's church, died this morning. The remains of Butler P. Anderson, a member of the Memphis Howard Association, who died at Grenada yesterday afternoon, were brought to this city and buried this morning. Capt. Wm. Miller, a prominent citizen, was taken down the river by the steamer Yate. A. R. Spencer and T. Granger Simons, of Charleston, S. C., have arrived and tendered their services.

HOLLY SPRINGS, Miss., September 3.—There are sixty cases of fever here. Physicians pronounce it a bilious fever of a very serious nature. There have been three deaths. There is a great panic. The people are leaving the place.

RAVAGES OF THE PLAGUE AT VICKSBURG.

The following dispatch was received by the Governor yesterday:

"VICKSBURG, Miss., Sept. 3, 1878. GOV. VANCE: Send Dr. Happoldt, of Morganton, at once. The condition here is appalling. Our physicians are dying. Two thousand persons are down with the fever."

WM. ROCKWOOD, Pres. Howard Association."

Nominations for Congress.

By Telegraph to the News.
READING, Pa., September 3.—Hon. Hester Clymer has been unanimously re-nominated for the fourth term in Congress by the Democratic County Convention.

Anniversary of the Death of Thiers.

By Paris to the News.
PARIS, September 3.—There will be an impressive funeral ceremony at the Cathedral Notre Dame to-day in celebration of the anniversary of the death of M. Thiers. Many prominent Frenchmen and foreigners will be present, including deputations from all parts of France. It is said that Madame Thiers has spent \$20,000 in preparing the ceremony.

emony. Music will be rendered by 2,500 performers. The Gloria will be sung to the accompaniment of harps. The Cathedral has been decked with flowers sent as offerings from the Departments, with which M. Thiers was intimately associated during his career. A guard of honor has been furnished by the Garde Republicaine. Deputations from municipalities of Paris and other cities will walk in the procession from the place, Du Carroussel to the Cathedral of Notre Dame, where seats will be reserved for them. Many persons went on Sunday last to deposit flowers on M. Thiers' tomb.

At Thiers' funeral, in the Cathedral of Notre Dame, to-day, a delegation of ten Americans from the conference on the proposed treaty of commerce between France and the United States, headed by Mr. Pollok, presented a large wreath of flowers, and were assigned to a prominent place in the centre of the church. Minister Noyes, Mr. Hitt, Secretary of the American Legation Consul, Gen. Fairchild, commissioner, General McCormick and other prominent Americans, were present at the ceremony.

Fenian Prisoner Released.

By Telegraph to the News.
NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—A London special says Minister Welsh and his daughter set out this morning for Paris, having brought in conclusion the negotiations concerning Condon, the Fenian prisoner. Mr. Welsh had previously made a journey of 300 miles to Portland, to explain to the prisoner why efforts had been made in his behalf, and to prepare him for the unexpected boon of freedom. Condon expressed his gratitude for the kindness Mr. Welsh had personally shown him, and the interest the American minister had taken in his case. The prisoner then signed the released convict with his liberation meant his release with full provision for himself and his family till were united. The British officials, too, lent what aid was in their power to make the visit of the American minister eminently satisfactory. The British joined in assuring Condon that after his release he should find himself comfortably provided for, and prepared to accept whatever office or position might be offered him with a view to his settlement in the mother country.

Friendly Acts by the Mexicans.

By Telegraph to the News.
WASHINGTON, September 3.—The War Department has received information that Alcala, of Laswacoos, on the Rio Grande, co-operated with General Mackenzie in securing the recovery of the cattle stolen from American graziers. General Mackenzie returned thanks to the Alcala for his friendly services.

The Alcala, a Zouave or Free Zone, by the Mexican Government, very satisfactory to the officials here, and is considered a friendly act toward this government.

Butler Going on a Tour.

By Telegraph to the News.
BOSTON, Sept. 3.—F. Butler will start on a western tour in a few days, during which he will speak under the auspices of the National Greenback party at Indianapolis, Sept. 20th, and Terre Haute, Sept. 21st.

Murder and Suicide.

By Telegraph to the News.
NEW YORK, September 3.—Isaac Robinson, colored, murdered his wife at Mount Vernon, Westchester county, this morning, and then killed himself. He literally hewed her head from her body with an axe. Cause—jealousy.

A Revenue Official Bounced.

Correspondence of the News.
GOLDSBORO, N. C., Sept. 2.

Mr. E. Y. Copeland was removed to-day as Deputy Revenue Collector of this division, and Hugh Humphrey reinstated in his place. Mr. Humphrey is a nephew of Col. L. W. Humphrey, and it is supposed that he was appointed in Mr. Copeland's place so as to gain the Colonel's influence, as it is remembered that Thos. Powers was about to be removed last year, and no doubt he expects to be removed this year. Mr. Copeland's friends seem to be very hot about it, as he was not given any warning until the train came in this morning from Newbern, and Mr. Humphrey, one of the Deputy at large, arrived and put in Mr. Humphrey. Copeland's friends are going to work to try and have the whole office removed, and no doubt they will succeed.

THE CONGRESSIONAL CAMPAIGN.

The Candidates at Boon Hill.

Correspondence of the News.
The candidates for this Congressional district addressed the people of Boon Hill township to-day. Maj Bledsoe led off with a long speech giving a great deal about State and national debts. He uttered some very strange ideas. No one seemed to know his politics or appreciate his speech; not even the negroes. Josiah Turner next spoke. Some times he was on one side then on the other. Some times for no one but Josiah. It will take him and Bledsoe both to get the Republican strength. At this writing Captain Davis is making one of his sweeping speeches taking the whole Republicans and "Brindle tails" together by storm, but he does it so easy, just as he did when he beat I. J. Young about 17,000 votes.

Why Is It.

Burlington Hawkeye.
Why is it, that people are always so "tired out" by a 20 minute sermon, and so "refreshed" by a two-hour society drama, a little bad?

That every man who owns a horse, thinks he has a "tepper." He firmly believes that the animal would go like the wind if he were "let out."

That nobody ever thinks of sitting in a summer house.

That hunting parties from the city always kill so many more prairie chickens than they bring in?

That so many more watch-chains are worn than watches?

That in no matter what direction a man starts a pin the point always ultimately in the end of his forefinger?

That no man thinks any other man knows how to build a fire?

That every living man who smokes affects to be a connoisseur in cigars?

That bankers never have any money to loan?

That your boy, who never goes further from home than "the next corner," is accurately informed when he returns on matters that transpired at the river, two miles away?

STIRING ADDRESS.

From the Democratic Executive Committee of the Fourth Congressional District.

To the Democrats and Conservatives of the Fourth Congressional District:

Your Executive Committee congratulates you upon the harmony that prevailed in your deliberations at your late Convention, and upon the fortunate nomination there made. Your banner has been entrusted to safe hands, to one who twice before has led you on to victory, and who will again lead you to a victory still more glorious, if you will only be true to yourselves, to your party, and to your country. Let there be no wavering in your lines, no straggling, no desertions, but with serried ranks and solid columns move on to an assured triumph. Preserve intact your organization. Do not be led astray by, or made the dupes of, any man whose selfish ambition seeks only his own advancement regardless of the interests of his party or country. Organization is essential to success in any undertaking, especially in a political party. It is of the highest importance just now that you should hold fast to your party organization, and give to your nominee your united support. For the first time in nearly twenty years the Democrats will have a majority in the United States Senate in the next Congress, so that all must see the necessity of retaining our majority in the House of Representatives. No measure of reform or of relief can be adopted without the concurrence of the Democratic majority in the Senate, and for the last session of Congress, such measures having passed the Democratic House were defeated by the Republican Senate. With a hostile Senate the Democratic House have reduced the expenditures of the general government in the last three years the immense sum of more than eighty-eight millions of dollars—an amount greater than ten dollars to every voter in the United States—and the Democratic majority in the House of Representatives has reduced the expenditures of the Government, and as far as possible relieved the burdens of the people, but opposed by the Republican Senate, they have not yet been able to afford all the relief desired. However, with the next Congress Democratic in both branches, we may hope at last to obtain that relief and reform so long demanded by the people. We may then hope to see our country once again prosperous as "in the olden time," and a revival in all kinds of business. And will you now endanger all these long-desired blessings, now within our reach, and to be secured by the Democratic majority, by deserting your party and running after strange gods? And yet this majority may depend upon your votes. Will you not thus rally as one man to our nominee, and do your duty in retaining the Democratic majority in Congress? The next House of Representatives may be called upon to elect the President of the United States, for by art. xii, sec. 1, of the Constitution that body has the power to elect in the event of no majority in the electoral college. So that we cannot overestimate the importance of having a majority in the House of Representatives.

We invite your careful consideration of the platform and resolutions adopted by the Convention and endorsed by its nominee. Is there anything therein to which you object? On the contrary, does not every good and true man heartily approve every principle therein embodied? Is there anything therein to which any member of the "National" or "Greenback" party cannot assent? We quote the fourth resolution:

"We demand the retirement of the circulation of the National Bank; the subordination of the currency to the requirements of trade and business, and the repeal of the tax on State Banks, leaving their organization to the will of the people, and the different States, and explicitly demand the repeal of the Resumption Act."

Can any "Greenbacker" ask for more? Why, then, desert your time-honored organization, which has been the glory of the Democratic party, and the hope of the present and the hope of the future, and join a new and untried party, composed of the disappointed and disaffected of all parties, with no record in the past and no guarantee for the future? Can you do this? Will you desert your party, which has given you so many benefits, and give greater benefits than this? Will you desert your party, which has given you so many benefits, and give greater benefits than this?

The work on the new Science Hall is being pushed to a rapid completion. Judging from present indications Wake Forest is now about to reap the honors and success it has so long merited. The officers are all at their post, cheerful and much invigorated after their rest.

Professor Simmons seems much improved by his visit to Harvard, Yale and other Colleges of the North. Will give you particulars of the buildings, &c., in my next.

And then What?

Petersburg Post.

There will be three parties in the next Presidential race, and three candidates for the Presidency. There will be the Democratic party, the Republican party, and the National Greenback party, with their respective tickets. There can be no reasonable doubt of this, and consequently it is not only very uncertain which party will succeed, but the strongest probability is that the election will be thrown into the House of Representatives. Then will come the great question of the age—and it has got finally to come—whether we are to have a conscription, or a military regency like that of France. The latter is most probable. And then what?

Franklin County.

Correspondence of the News.
LOUISBURG, August 31.

The Board of County Commissioners met in session to-day for the purpose of giving Mr. J. C. Wynne, the present sheriff, an opportunity of strengthening his official bond, they deeming his present bond insufficient. Mr. Wynne, failing to give the additional security required, the office was declared vacant. An election was made for the undersheriff (let Doc) and Mr. Elijah B. Perry was elected on the first ballot.

Mr. Perry is a young man but no doubt, will discharge the duties of the responsible office faithfully, and to the satisfaction of the people of the county—he is well qualified.

The negroes on Senator Coke's plantation, near Waco, Texas, shouted and prayed during the eclipse.

claim a share in the great victory of November next, and their voices swell the joyous acclaim that shall go up from the hearts of a true and loyal people.

H. A. LONDON, JR., Chairman.

Ups and Downs of Politics.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—One of the most significant features of American political life is illustrated by an occurrence to-day. Fredk. A. Sawyer was appointed a twelve hundred dollar clerk in the office of the coast survey. This is the lowest grade of clerkships in the government departments here.

The appointee is a graduate of Harvard College, (class of 1844.) was for years a leading member of the best schools of Massachusetts, and in 1850, he went to South Carolina to become principal of the State Normal School in Charleston which position he held until 1864, when, according to his own statement, the Confederates gave him and his family passports to leave the city on account of his obnoxious Union principles. In 1865 he was appointed collector of internal revenue for Charleston, which was the first civil appointment in the State after the rebellion. Mr. Sawyer was subsequently elected to the United States Senate, in which body he served with considerable ability until 1873.

The extent of the destitution, want, misery and actual hunger which, in this season of epidemic, actually prevails even amongst the middle classes, is not generally realized. The Howards are providing for the sick and dying. But until the organization of the Peabody Association there was no organization to supply the want of the destitute and miserable poor. We have in the Peabody Association such an organization now, and in conjunction with the Howards, it will make the most perfect and glorious system of public charity ever known.

The Peabody Association proposes to relieve the needs of the destitute of all classes, domestic, races and orders in our community.

DEATH ON THE RAIL.

A White Man Struck by an Engine—No Hope of Recovery.

As engineer T. W. Fleming was running the local freight on the Raleigh and Augusta Air Line yesterday afternoon, he observed at Asbury, six miles from this city, a white man standing on the track. He did not move, but stood talking to another man, who was also on the track at that point. The engineer noticed nothing unusual in the man's appearance, he did not seem to be intoxicated, and of course thought would get off the track when the engine came near. He was, however, not slacken speed. When the engine, which was at a speed of about fifteen miles an hour, came within ten feet of the man, one of the section hands at the point, took hold of him and pulled him off the track. The man, however, was unfortunately killed, by grasping the man's stick instead of his arm. An instant after the engine struck the loiterer, as he stood with one side towards it, and threw him to one side.

As soon as possible Mr. Fleming went back to the scene of the disaster. On arrival he found the man lying on the ground in a perfectly unconscious state, and he thought, dying. He ordered the section hands to take the injured man at once to Cary, and summon medical aid.

The unfortunate man was found to be James Falkner, who lives about two miles beyond Cary. He was well known to the section hands, who said he was of weak intellect, and was also addicted to the use of liquor. They further said that at the time of the occurrence he was much under the influence of spirits. They gave his age as about 30, and from his looks and manner, they judged him to be a poor creature in poor circumstances. At a late hour last evening the condition of the unfortunate man was such as to lead the attending physician to say that there was no hope of his living more than a few hours.

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE.

Correspondence of the News.
WAKE FOREST, Sept. 3.

Yesterday was the opening of the forty-fifth session of the nineteenth term of our College, and it is conceded to have been the most flattering beginning of any previous session in the history of the institution.

The Bursar has just informed me that there are fifty per cent more students here now than at the opening of last session, and we reached 90 last year, and there is not much doubt but we will reach 150 students this session. Students are coming in on every train, and everybody is happy over the prospects.

The work on the new Science Hall is being pushed to a rapid completion. Judging from present indications Wake Forest is now about to reap the honors and success it has so long merited. The officers are all at their post, cheerful and much invigorated after their rest.

Professor Simmons seems much improved by his visit to Harvard, Yale and other Colleges of the North. Will give you particulars of the buildings, &c., in my next.

And then What?

Petersburg Post.

There will be three parties in the next Presidential race, and three candidates for the Presidency. There will be the Democratic party, the Republican party, and the National Greenback party, with their respective tickets. There can be no reasonable doubt of this, and consequently it is not only very uncertain which party will succeed, but the strongest probability is that the election will be thrown into the House of Representatives. Then will come the great question of the age—and it has got finally to come—whether we are to have a conscription, or a military regency like that of France. The latter is most probable. And then what?

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THE PEABODY ASSOCIATION.

A New Organization for the Relief of Yellow Fever Sufferers.

New Orleans Democrat.

The organization of the Peabody Subsistence Association was a timely move, and the public spirited gentlemen who instituted it deserved the highest commendation. The Howard Association, named after one of the greatest philanthropists the world has ever known, has by its noble services through many seasons of pestilence earned a world-wide reputation, and has always, as it is doing now, provided the destitute sick with physicians, nurses and medicines.

The epidemic of 1878 will be famous for the organization of a new philanthropic organization, named after another great philanthropist—Peabody. This latter association enters a new field or labor in our times of calamity. Leaving the sick to the noble and generous ministrations of the Howards, it proposes to relieve the wants of the destitute of the city, who, by the suspension of business and industry, are left without the ordinary means to supply themselves and families with the commonest necessities of life.

The extent of the destitution, want, misery and actual hunger which, in this season of epidemic, actually prevails even amongst the middle classes, is not generally realized. The Howards are providing for the sick and dying. But until the organization of the Peabody Association there was no organization to supply the want of the destitute and miserable poor. We have in the Peabody Association such an organization now, and in conjunction with the Howards, it will make the most perfect and glorious system of public charity ever known.

The Peabody Association proposes to relieve the needs of the destitute of all classes, domestic, races and orders in our community.

Fall Wheat.

Agriculturists are always in doubt as to whether wheat planted in the fall or spring yields the greater results. In this climate, soil, with proper attention, fall wheat produces a good yield. In this case, however, much depends upon the fertilizer used, and this is an almost paramount consideration. Among the various fertilizers on sale, the Arlington guano has been proved by use to be the most suitable for fall wheat. This excellent fertilizer is on sale at the store of Cooke & Wainright, Martin, between Wilmington and Blount streets.

Partnership.

Having withdrawn from the late firm of Barber & Latta, I have associated myself in business with Rand & Barber, wholesale grocers and commission merchants, and take this occasion to return thanks to my old friends and customers for their past liberal patronage, and hope to see them at my new place of business. Respectfully,

E. B. BARBER.

The style of the firm will be Rand & Barber Bros.

DAILY NEWS.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4 1878

ORGAN OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

The News Building, No. 6, Martin Street.

THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

Congressional Nominations.
FOR CONGRESS, FIRST DISTRICT:
JESSE J. YEATES,
 of Hertford.
FOR CONGRESS, THIRD DISTRICT:
ALFRED M. WADDELL,
 of New Hanover.
FOR CONGRESS, FOURTH DISTRICT:
JOSEPH J. DAVIS,
 of Franklin.
FOR CONGRESS, FIFTH DISTRICT:
ALFRED M. SCALES,
 of Guilford.
FOR CONGRESS, SIXTH DISTRICT:
WALTER L. STEELE,
 of Rockingham.
FOR CONGRESS, SEVENTH DISTRICT:
ROBERT F. ARMFIELD,
 of Iredell.
FOR CONGRESS, EIGHTH DISTRICT:
ROBERT B. VANCE,
 of Buncombe.

ELECTION—TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5TH.

Congressional Canvass in 5th District.

Hon. A. M. Scales will address his fellow-citizens at Danbury, Stokes Co., Monday, September 24th, at 7 o'clock. Hon. J. J. Yeates, at 7 o'clock, at Danbury, Stokes Co., Tuesday, September 25th, at 7 o'clock. Hon. J. J. Yeates, at 7 o'clock, at Danbury, Stokes Co., Wednesday, September 26th, at 7 o'clock. Hon. J. J. Yeates, at 7 o'clock, at Danbury, Stokes Co., Thursday, September 27th, at 7 o'clock. Hon. J. J. Yeates, at 7 o'clock, at Danbury, Stokes Co., Friday, September 28th, at 7 o'clock. Hon. J. J. Yeates, at 7 o'clock, at Danbury, Stokes Co., Saturday, September 29th, at 7 o'clock. Hon. J. J. Yeates, at 7 o'clock, at Danbury, Stokes Co., Sunday, September 30th, at 7 o'clock.

The Currency—The Responsibility of the Republican Party—Read and Ponder.

We are indebted to an excellent speech on the Currency, delivered by Mr. Kenna, of West Virginia, in the House of Representatives, on the 8th of June last, for most of the facts and reflections which we propose to embody in the present article. The two absorbing elements that have entered into the pending Congressional campaign and which are to determine, one way or the other, the complexion of the lower House of the next Congress, and possibly the next Presidential election, are the question of the currency and that other vital and momentous issue of the maintenance of Constitutional government as against centralization and virtual imperialism, advocated by the "strong government" oligarchs, who propose to bring Grant and Grantism to the front in 1880. Of this latter we had much to say on yesterday and shall have much to say in the future. To-day, we propose to deal with the former.

The late speech of Senator Thurman, and the platform of principles laid down by the recent Congressional Convention in this District, which nominated Joseph J. Davis, embody the Democratic position on the financial condition of the country and the general question of the currency. "It is impossible," says Mr. Kenna, "for a man, who has the honor and welfare of his country at heart, to realize that its financial history for sixteen years is a history of oppression and wrong." It is hard to be confronted by evidence, which no testimony can deny, and no arguments explain away, that under Radical rule, the dignity and character of governmental approval have been given to the pampered few in the march of ruthless aggression, and that the seal of governmental sanction has stamped with a free frank the moneyed oligarchy in its rough ride over the down-trodden rights of the masses. But that this is so, let facts speak.

We premise by remarking that the record we have heretofore given of the course of our North Carolina Senators and Representatives has been confined, mainly, to the 44th and 45th Congresses, and, consequently, to the efforts of the Democratic party towards an amelioration of the condition of the people. The resume which follows goes back to the inception of the evils under which the people are groaning, and fixes the responsibility for the iniquitous oppression of the masses, in the interests of the oligarchs and money-lords, upon the Radical party.

TAXATION OF U. S. BONDS.
 On the 28th day of June, 1862, the question of concurring in Senate amendments to an act creating U. S. bonds, &c., was before the House of Representatives. Mr. Holman, a Democrat, offered the following provision: "Provided, That nothing in this act shall impair the rights of the States to tax the bonds, notes, and other obligations issued under this act."

Sixty-three Democrats voted for this amendment, and not one voted against it. Of the Republicans, only 2 voted "ay" and 77 voted "no." Thus the Republican party defeated the proposition to tax the bonds.

On April 18, 1864, when Mr. Arnold offered a resolution to provide for taxing State banks, Mr. Randall, a Democrat, offered to amend by providing for the

TAXATION OF NATIONAL BANKS.
 Notwithstanding that Samuel J. Randall, who is now speaker of the House, stands and stood then among the first parliamentarians on the contingent, on this resolution to tax national banks a Republican Speaker, arbitrarily ruled him "out of order." Every member familiar with the history of the House knows how potent is the voice of the Speaker for weak or true. On this occasion it was invoked for the defeat of a righteous measure, and

thus the Republican party through its Republican Speaker denied even a hearing of the cause.

In March, 1869, when the "act to strengthen the public credit," which ought to have been entitled,

"AN ACT TO SWINDLE THE PEOPLE," came up for consideration, debate was cut off. Although it declared the currency indebtedness of the country to be payable in coin, and added \$500,000,000 to the public debt, it was passed under the "previous question"—the "gag law"—and debate was denied. It was a gigantic fraud.

On its passage in the House only one Democrat voted "aye," while 33 voted "no." Only 12 Republicans voted "no" and 96 voted "aye." In the Senate the Republicans voted "no," 42. The Democrats voted solid "no." While this measure was pending in the Senate, Mr. Thurman, a Democrat, moved to add that—

"Nothing herein contained shall apply to what is commonly called 5.20 bonds."

These bonds were payable in greenbacks, and this act was to make them payable in coin. It was to avoid the consummation of that outrage upon the people that Mr. Thurman offered his amendment. The Democrats voted "aye," only 6, and "no" 31. Thus without amendment, in all its original injustice, the Republican party passed this odious act. On March 29, 1869, Mr. Morgan, a Democrat, offered a resolution to exempt salt, tea, coffee, sugar, matches, and tobacco, and to tax the bonds.

This resolution was defeated. The Democrats voted "aye" solid, 39; the Republicans voted solid "no," 104. Thus the Republican party in the House by unanimous vote again defeated an effort to tax the bonds.

In 1870 the act was pending which provided for funding the Greenback bonds into coin bonds, and which robbed the people of \$500,000,000.

The Democrats of the House voted solid "no," 54. The Republicans voted "no" only 2, and "aye" 139. In the Senate the Democrats voted solid "no." The Republicans carried it, and thus the Republican party is responsible for the wrong which resulted from this iniquitous measure.

In July, 1870, when Sherman's proposition was pending to increase the national bank circulation \$54,000,000, as usual in all these aggressive measures the previous question was demanded and debate refused. While Democrats voted "aye" only 4 and "no" 44, the Republican party passed this bill. On June 14, when that same bill was pending, Mr. Randall, a Democrat, offered a substitute which proposed to take up the national bank notes, and issue \$300,000,000 in greenbacks in their stead. On this measure the Democrats voted "no" only 6 and "aye" 41. The Republicans voted "aye" only 10 and "no" 105. Thus this proposed issue of greenbacks was defeated in the House by the Republican party.

On the 17th day of January, 1870, Mr. McNeely made an effort in behalf of greenbacks. He offered the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the Committee on Banking and Currency be, and they are hereby, instructed to report at an early day a bill providing for withdrawing from circulation the national bank currency and for issuing, instead of such currency, Treasury notes usually known as greenbacks."

On this resolution looking to financial reform the Democrats voted "no" only 2 and "aye" 53. The Republicans voted "aye" 1 and "no" 112. Thus the Republican party in the House slaughtered this further attempt at honest currency.

In 1873 the act demonetizing silver was passed. The country has been made aware of the manner in which this nefarious measure was smuggled through without even being read. Its contents were not known, the yeas and nays were not called on its passage, and hence the vote of members is not entered on the Journal. The Record does show, however, that Mr. Hooper, a Republican, moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill. He had it in charge. He knew its contents. He knew it struck silver down and destroyed the double standard of our fathers. The Record therefore shows that a Republican had charge of the bill, and by a motion to suspend the rules, cut off debate and forced it to a vote. But the Record shows more. It shows that this giant swindle had been submitted to the Republican Secretary of the Treasury, the Republican director and controller of finances, and was by him approved. The Record on this point is as follows:

"Mr. Merriam. Has this bill been submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury; and if so, does it meet his approval?"

Mr. Hooper, of Massachusetts. It has been submitted to him and he not only approves it but strongly urges its passage."

Thus, this monstrosity, this unmitigated villainy which struck down silver when it was higher in the market than gold, simply to make "money scarce" and increase the burdens of the country, was manipulated and carried through by a Republican member of the House under the full sanction and support of the Republican Secretary of the Treasury. Passed as the bill was, under suspension of the rules, without debate, and not even read, there is no evidence on earth that any living man knew it demonetized silver except the Secretary and the member named.

We come now to that prince of destroyers, the resumption act of 1875. Like other similar acts it was passed without debate. Discussion was cut off. The vote in the Senate stood Republicans—"aye" 33, "no" only 1. The Democrats voted solid "no." In the House the Republicans voted only 24 "no" and "aye" 136, making more

than five to one in favor of this crime against the prosperity and happiness of the country. The Democrats voted solid 74 to defeat it. In the Senate even Carl Schurz complained that he had "found the bill on his table to-day for the first time, and he had not had time to read it or inform himself intelligently of its contents." In answer to this appeal for opportunity to understand this important measure, John Sherman, the present Republican Secretary of the Treasury, rose, in his place in the Senate and boldly declared that he would "press the bill to its passage from that hour forward." Evidence that he kept that promise faithfully and too well are found in the blasted homes and fortunes and hungry women and children from the Atlantic to the Pacific ocean.

With a determined purpose, with unrelenting vigor, with a singleness of object that no human appeal could divert and no human misery deter, the Republican party went madly on in this desperate financial career and never did it call a halt until confronted by a Democratic majority in the House of Representatives of the Forty-fourth Congress!

The first Democratic House in August, 1876, raised the banner of financial reform by the passage of a bill to repeal the resumption act.

The Republican vote on the passage of that bill stood "aye" only 9 and "no" 56, or over six to one against the repeal. The Democrats voted "no" 29 and "aye" 97; more than three to one in its favor. The bill passed the House by Democratic votes, and thus the first battle against the Shylocks was left to be turned against the people by the Republican Senate which failed to pass the bill. There the matter stood when the great political contest of 1876 came on. The result of that election returned a Democratic majority to the House of Representatives, while the Senate was still Republican. As early as November 5, 1877, a Democratic House passed the bill to demonetize silver.

The Republicans, driven at last by a public sentiment which had twice routed them at the polls, yielded to this measure a fair support. They voted—"no" 24 and "aye" 67; not quite three to one. The Democrats voted—"no" 10 and "aye" 97, or nearly ten to one in its favor. But when this measure to restore the dollar of our fathers was sent by a Democratic House to a Republican Senate it was there amended and emasculated until its value was well-nigh destroyed and finally vetoed by a Republican President! On the 23d of the same month the bill to repeal the resumption act passed the House. On this the Republicans voted—"no" 28 and "no" 92, more than three to one against it. The Democrats voted—"no" 39 and "aye" 104, more than three to one in its favor. This act was sent to the Republican Senate, and there a Rip Van Winkle sleep of seven long months has held it fast.

On the 29th day of April the bill was passed forbidding further retirement of greenbacks.

The Democrats voted on this measure—"no" 7 and "aye" 104; the Republicans voted—"aye" 73 and "no" 28. Many of them voted with the avowed reason that it would not interfere with the resumption act, and it is equally understood in well-informed circles that the Republicans who favored the bill in the Senate did so upon the same ground. Add to what has been enumerated the bills which were favorably reported at the late session by a Democratic committee, the bill to authorize the issue of certificates for silver bullion and the bill to substitute greenbacks for bank-notes, and we have a fair epitomized history of the financial legislation of the last sixteen years!

It is thus seen that the Democracy have fought the battle of the people against the money power from the first. The Radical party, having ruined and bankrupted the country, now seek aid from the "independent" element and ask the distressed and suffering masses to lick the hand that has smitten them. There is no conflict between the Greenback men and the Democracy. The Democratic party has opposed, the Republican party has passed, all the measures which have multiplied the wants and increased the sufferings of the people. The only hope of change is inevitably involved in Democratic success. That success, if we are true to ourselves and to party obligation,—if we do not allow ourselves to be swerved from our duty by personal or minor considerations, which are unworthy of Democratic patriots seeking the good of the country,—is assured. Our salvation from the monster evils of the past and present is in unity, in harmony,—in mutual determination to stand together bravely in the furtherance of a common cause. Our deliverance and our future hopes lie in the stout resolve of every friend of Reform to act in conjunction with the GREAT DEMOCRATIC PARTY, which has fought the fight of the people amid the clash and smoke of battle for more than a decade of years!

The Hillsboro Recorder says that the re-nomination of the Hon. Joseph J. Davis is most acceptable to the people of Orange. It adds: "We can almost believe that his majority will be as large as it ever was. Certain it is, that many good Democrats who followed Josiah Turner from personal motives are not prepared to go farther at present at his bidding. They filled all the requirements of friendship when they voted for him for the Legislature. They do not recognize the propriety of present further elevation, especially since Turner's courtship of all that is Democratic, leave little doubt about his real position; and the Democrats of Orange are not yet ready to confess themselves Radical, or aid that party to return to power."

For other Editorial, see first page

DRY GOODS. COST!! COST!!

In consequence of expiration of term of partnership and of a new arrangement, the

Large, New and Rich Stock of

Dry Goods, NOTIONS.

Boots and Shoe, &c., &c., AT

PETTY & JONES'

WILL BE SOLD AT COST

No one who needs or is likely to need any of these goods, should miss this opportunity, as goods of equal value will not be sold again after this sale for less than

25 PER CENT ADVANCE.

on the price made to close out this stock. Merchants can buy these goods at strictly

NEW YORK CASH PRICES.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER

Still in the Field.

In order to reduce still more our stock of

Goods,

We offer the following special inducements:

11 Yds. 4-4 Bleached Cotton for 95c., full measure and width.

Superb and elegant lot of Prints for early Fall wear, at 5 cts.

Ladies' Dress Goods

At cost and below cost. A splendid line of Hamburg Edgings and Insertions.

Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs, Ruchings, Neck Ties, Ribbons, &c.

Mosquito Nettings, Parasols, Umbrellas.

Irish Linens, Checked and striped, Nainsook, Victoria Lanes, and a full line of white goods generally.

Gents' Hand and Machine Sewed Gaiters, vest makes, warranted.

We shall always, as heretofore, endeavor to give our customers "best goods at lowest prices," and will not be undersold by any one.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

aug 22-17

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Fashion Bazaar.

A BEAUTIFUL STOCK.

Grand Opening

WEEK.

The Merchant Tailor,

Will offer a magnificent stock of

SPRING

SUMMER GOODS

At Astonishingly low Prices.

NOW IS THE TIME

To Secure

FIRST CLASS BARGAINS,

A PERFECT FIT WARRANTED.

The Goods are all First-Class and the Workmanship will be guaranteed.

REMEMBER, THESE BARGAINS CAN BE HAD—AND ONLY OF

W E I K E L.

may 27-17

MISCELLANEOUS.

Backus' MAGNOLIA COACH GREASE,

Is the best "HOT BOX" preventive in market. Manufactured by

THE BACKUS OIL CO.,

CLEVELAND, OHIO

Southern Office: Atlanta, Ga.

Prescriptoin Free.

FOR the speedy cure of Seminal Weakness, Loss of Manhood, and all disorders brought on by Indecency or Excess. Any Druggist has the ingredients.

DR. JACOB'S OIL.

120 W. NINTH ST. O'Connell's

TO ALL WHO RIDE.

Top Buggies, Open Buggies, Platform Spring Wagons and Carriages, Road and Farm Wagons.

aug 25-17

Startling Truth

DYSPEPSIA, SICK-HEADACHE

And the bad effects of

INDIGESTION ENTIRELY CURED

By

Dr. D. Armstrong's ANTI-DYSPEPTIC DROPS.

Try them and be convinced. They are unsurpassed.

Purely Vegetable. Price 75c.

Sold by all Druggists.

PURCELL, LADD & CO.,

W. W. POWERS & CO.,

APR 24-17

FOR RENT OR FOR SALE.

LAND SALE.

BY Virtue of a decree of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, we will expose for sale at the Court House door in the town of Halifax, N. C.,

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17TH, 1878.

Those two valuable tracts of land lying in the county of Halifax, N. C., known as

Concearnie and Felton's

and containing respectively

1,500 ACRES and 1,800 ACRES OF LAND

TERMS.—One-third Cash, balance in on and two years, with interest. Title retained till purchase money is paid

JOHN DEVEREUX, Trustees.

WALTER CLARK, Trustees.

aug 13-d&wtd

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

ON Hillsboro road, 2 miles from city limits, a DWELLING HOUSE with 8 rooms, necessary outbuildings, and 14 acres land. Storehouse also on premises. A good place for a market garden.

For terms and further information apply to

J. WOMBLE,

aug 27-dim

Valuable Land For Sale.

On Thursday, September 19th, 1878, I will expose to public sale, on the premises, that valuable parcel of land, belonging to the estate of Henry Morehead, deceased, which lies along the Eastern line of the Louisville Road, adjoining the land of John Price on the North, Thomas H. Bridges on the East, A. F. Taylor on the South and Louisburg on the West, containing

400 ACRES.

Will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers. The sale is made under judgment of Wake Superior Court, to make assets for payment of debts of deceased.

TERMS:—One-third Cash; residue in two equal installments on a credit of 6 and 12 months respectively, with interest at 6 per cent from date of sale.

Bond with approved security required for deferred payments.

BATTLE & MOREHEAD, Att'ys.

aug 1-1m

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES.

The Public

Can always find first-class conveyances, whether for pleasure or business, at our Livery rooms. We have the largest and most complete establishment in the State. Horses, mules, carriages, buggies, &c., always on hand for sale, hire or exchange.

G. W. WYNNE & CO.

aug 15-dt

VALLEY WHISKY.

R. F. Jones & Co.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

AGENTS FOR

TOM COOPER'S

Laurel Valley

CENTENNIAL OLD RYE

—AND—

WHEAT WHISKY.

a large lot

ALWAYS ON HAND FROM TWO TO FOUR YEARS OLD.

universally acknowledged to be

THE FINEST WHISKY MADE

IN THE SOUTH. PERSONS WISHING

Strictly Pure Spirits

FOR MEDICAL AND OTHER PURPOSES can get any size package

From 3 to 50 Gallons,

By addressing T. N. COOPER, Raleigh Mills Co., Raleigh, N. C.; or R. F. JONES, CO., Raleigh, N. C.

HOME REMEDY.

THE MOST WONDERFUL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE!

A CERTAIN AND SPEEDY CURE FOR SCROFULA.

FACTS ARE STUBBORN THINGS!

The following is from the Raleigh News, and was a voluntary insertion and not an advertisement:

"Years ago an old Indian left a receipt for Mrs. Ferson living at Franklin, or in that section. A child was born to Mrs. Ferson, and it had the scrofula. The doctors gave it up to die. She thought of that receipt, and was now old and mousy, and did away in an upstairs room. She concluded if the child was bound to die, it wouldn't hurt to try it. She went out and gathered the herbs, got the whisky, and did as directed to the child. Her child now lives well and hearty."

More than this! Only a name has slipped us, was suffering with some scrofulous affection on the head. He had been to the Hot Springs in Arkansas, and from there he went to Raleigh Springs. Nothing did him any good. At Raleigh's they told him of Mrs. Ferson's receipt, and he wrote to Mrs. Ferson if she would send him her receipt. He sent her word if she cured him he would give her five hundred dollars. The South Carolina man went home, and shortly after he wrote to Mrs. Ferson for the receipt. She sent him the receipt, and he cured himself. He wrote the most grateful letter he ever wrote. Bless those old Indians! We would like to have one for every family of usefulness. I remain,

Very Respectfully,

T. J. STOKES.

LOUISBURG, N. C., May 22, 1878.

Mrs. J. Ferson:

The medicine I purchased of you last winter proved of lasting benefit to my son. He was troubled with twenty-seven running sores, some of them quite large, and of a scrofulous nature. In less than three weeks after commencing the use of your Remedy he was perfectly restored, and is to-day quite well and hearty. As a TONIC AND BLUET FORKIEF IT HAS NO EQUAL. Hoping that you may be spared for many years of usefulness, I remain

Very Respectfully,

DAILY NEWS

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1913

THE CITY.

The Halls.
The usual open and close as follows:
Two Northern mails close at 4:45 a. m.
Chatham " " " " 4:55 p. m.
Western " " " " 4:55 p. m.
Eastern mail opens at 12:00 p. m.
Eastern " " " " 12:30 p. m.
Office on Sunday open from 10:00 a. m. to 1:00 p. m.
W. W. HOLDEN, P. M.

Weather Probabilities.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.
For South Atlantic and Gulf States: warmer; partly cloudy weather; occasional rain; variable winds, mostly southerly; nearly stationary pressure.

Index to New Advertisements.

Tucker Hall—Star Alliance.
R. Bell, Jr.—Lager Beer.
J. B. Bunker—Seminary.
W. H. Dodd—Local notice.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—The weather gives an unpleasant reminder of the worst features of July.

—The Street Commissioner is asked to have a look at the culvert on Blount Street at the New Bern Avenue crossing.

—Twenty prisoners are now lodged in the jail here. Of this number only two are white. There are two female prisoners.

—Yesterday was a day without rain. Such an occurrence is a thing unexampled in the history of the past three weeks.

—The most disagreeable hot room in the State is the Court Room here. Take somebody's word for it, but don't go there to prove the fact.

—Drummer's licenses were yesterday issued by the State Treasurer to Henry M. Crowell, Newark, N. J.; August Wright, Petersburg, Va.; J. H. Core & Sons, Baltimore, Md.

—The mill pond at Beaver Dam was drawn off yesterday. There was quite a catch of fish. Shad, bluegill, bass, etc., were taken.

—Letters are held at the post office, infrequently prepaid, addressed to the following parties: Edward T. Austin, Halifax, N. C.; Miss Holland Watson, care Wyatt Allen, Pacific, N. C.; W. D. Wallace, care Dail Bros., New Bern, N. C.

—Five hundred tons of steel rails for the Raleigh & Gaston Railway have been received, and are being placed in the track near Weldon. This speaks well for the excellent management of this corporation. The R. & G. Railroad is one of the best in the State.

The Temperature.
Temperature yesterday, as indicated by the thermometer at Tucker's store: 6 a. m., 75°; 2 p. m., 88°; 10 " 81°; 6 " 84°.

County Commissioners.
This Board met again yesterday. The session was spent in the transaction of much routine business, auditing warrants, etc., against the county. The Board meets again to-day, to complete business.

No Detention.
There was error in stating that delay would occur to passengers and mail for Raleigh and points east of Greensboro. To insure all the connections both ways, double daily trains have been placed on the road east of the break, and there will be neither detention nor misconnection either way.

Aid for the Suffering.
A meeting was held Monday at St. Paul's A. M. E. Church, in behalf of the yellow fever sufferers, at which contributions to the amount of \$10 were taken up. This amount will be turned over to the Mayor by the pastor, Rev. A. M. Newton, to be forwarded to New Orleans.

The Fall Opera Musicals.
This troupe of native artists propose to give a performance on the 10th inst., at Tucker Hall. No effort will be spared to make the entertainment pleasant to all. In a day or so tickets will be put on sale and sold until the time of the performance. The merits of the troupe are too well known to need commendation.

The Cotton Crop.
The continued rains and dampness have had a bad effect on cotton. In some sections rain has seized upon it. The ginning season begins next week. Some cotton is now being picked. Despite the rust the belief of planters as to a fine crop is not shaken.

Loafers.
The usual crowd of bums and loafers infests the courthouse daily, to the annoyance of all who have any business in the building. It is hoped many of the stalwart loafers who repose on their benches or take sunbaths in front, will soon ornament the cotton fields in this vicinity. They will then seem better suited to their surroundings.

Mayor's Court.
Mayor Manly being confined to his home by illness, his chair was occupied by J. C. S. Lunsford. This gentleman had to act as dispenser of justice in only one case. Fanny Cooke, colored, was charged by her husband with disorderly conduct. She was, after investigation of the case, dismissed on payment of costs.

Wake Forest College.
This institution opens with flattering prospects. There are already 70 students; and probability of a large increase of the number. The addition of the new buildings will have its effect in increasing the number of pupils, by increasing the facilities of instruction.

Portners.
Special notice is directed to the advertisement of this most widely and favorably known Lager Beer, for sale by that prince of gentlemen Capt. H. Bell, Jr., Superintendent, at Norfolk, Va., the Southern Depot of the Alexandria Brewery. Those who enjoy the health giving draught of Lager will find rare comfort in a glass of Portner's Premium Tivoli. The enterprise, the manager and the beer are a big success—vive Portner.

Amateur Physicians.
Yesterday a negro man left the city for a brief time, and gave a small child to some negro children that they might look after it. The child cried, and to quiet it and cause a general feeling of bliss the amateur nurses tried what the administration of physic would do. They gave it an enormous dose of camphor, so large as to nearly make a little angel of it. A doctor was called in; the child was saved.

Amusements Ahead.
On Friday evening the Fay Templeton Star Alliance will give a performance at Tucker Hall. Among the performers are several who have frequently appeared here in time gone by. These are John Templeton, Alice and Isabelle Vane, and last, but not least, the gay little Fay Templeton. The performance gives promise of merit. The play bill appears elsewhere.

Criminal Court.
This Court met yesterday at 10 o'clock. His Honor Judge George V. Strong presiding.

The case of the State vs. Corneus Jeffreys and Thomas Curtis, was first tried. The defendants submitted. Curtis was fined \$10 and costs. Jeffreys was discharged.

Almost the entire day was consumed in the case of the State vs. Presley Mangum and Jordan Bailey, larceny of cotton.

Court adjourned until to-day at 10 o'clock a. m.

Fourth Congressional District.
The Hon. J. J. Davis, the Democratic nominee for Congress from this District, will address the citizens of Johnston county at:

Ingram, Wednesday, September 4th.
Beulah, Thursday, " 5th.
Tidwell, Friday, " 6th.
Smithfield, Saturday, " 7th.
Smithfield, Monday, " 9th.
Wilson's Mills, Tuesday, " 10th.
Selma, Wednesday, " 11th.

Capt. Davis has agreed to divide time with Hon. Josiah Turner, and Maj. Moses Bledsoe at each of the foregoing appointments.

Personal.
Col. L. L. Polk has returned from his Western tour, and after a stay in the beautiful country of the mountains, finds this terrible weather hard to bear.

Capt. L. G. Bagley left for Beaufort yesterday. He was accompanied by the general Chief Clerk of the Treasury department, whose name will on no account be given.

Prof. A. R. Ledoux, of the Chemical Central Station at Chapel Hill, has returned, after spending his vacation at his home North.

John B. Bunker, Esq., of Rocky Mount, is at the Yarbrough.

Religious News.
Rev. C. T. Bailey, W. R. Gwaltney and T. H. Pritchard left yesterday afternoon to attend the annual meeting of the South Y. A. B. Baptist Association, which this year assembles at Mockville, Davis county.

There is a large revival at the Baptist Church at Midway, between this city and the Falls of the Neuse. The work is conducted by Rev. Mr. Barrett. It has thus far resulted in the conversion of 18 or 20 persons.

Rev. G. J. Nowell did not go to the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, as was at first expected, on account of the yellow fever scare.

The Wilson Collegiate Seminary.
We call the attention of our readers to an advertisement of this excellent institution. While Advance in calling attention to this school, says:

The next session of this institution will begin Monday week, the second Monday of September. We learn from Prof. B. B. Bunker, the principal, that the prospects for a good school next session are very flattering. With the high character of the school, and the proverbial health of Wilson, no institution can offer superior advantages.

North Carolina Distillers.
Revenue Agent Chapman and Collector Mott, of North Carolina, have called on Commissioner Raum and had a long conference in regard to illicit distilling in this State. Arrangements were made for a vigorous campaign against the violators of the internal revenue laws. The State was carefully distracted, and the deputies with their powers will be ordered to examine each thoroughly. While the business in this State is not quite so extensive as in South Carolina, yet in some sections it is said to be pretty bad.

W. C. McNeekin, Esq.
The attractive advertisement of this well known and much experienced merchant appears as usual in the News.

It is a pleasure to commend an old patron like Mr. McNeekin, his advertisements have appeared in the News for the past six years, without interruption, and the News has no cause to regret ever having commended him to the public.

The fact of his having been 15 years engaged in business in this city is a commendation of his standing and position as a business man. He can be found at his conveniently located office in the rear of the Citizens' National Bank building and is a good man with whom to transact a cotton or other business. He is also largely engaged in the sale of buggies, carriages and wagons, and is ever ready with a bargain.

A Kind Offer.
Below is given a letter from the leader of the Raleigh German Silver Cornet Band, to the President of the Ladies' Association for the Relief of the Yellow Fever Sufferers. The kind offer of the band has been accepted, and some good music may be expected at the time given:

RALEIGH, Sept. 3d.

Mrs. John G. Williams, President of the Ladies' Aid Association:

We offer our services to play for the Dime Party to be given on Friday evening next for the benefit of the yellow fever sufferers. Please designate the time and place.

Respectfully,
M. Thompson,
Leader of Band.
A. H. HAYNES, Secretary.

The Ladies' Labor of Love.
Kindness with the noble women of the South is a instinctive feeling. To be able to minister to the need of the destitute and suffering is ever with them a highest consideration. The ladies here evince an activity and strength of spirit in this regard, not surpassed by that of the sex anywhere.

Now movement now on foot for the relief of the sufferers by that dread disease, yellow fever, is entrusted to good hands. Yesterday the various committees from the city churches made their rounds in search of material aid. Fair forms, bright eyes, soft words, were seen or heard everywhere, and the hand of charity was never stayed at the call of these ministering angels. This is proper and laudable, and it is to be hoped that the ladies will make the affair a memorable one.

Ninety-eight new Home Sewing Machines sold from J. L. Stone's office during the last four months. This shows business for the hard times.

The Graded School.

A visit to this school yesterday morning showed a pleasant state of affairs. A count of the number present in their seats gave a result of 333. These are a number of new faces among this little coterie of ones, but the new comers seem to be at home amidst their new associates and surroundings. Some changes have been made in the corps of teachers, since last term. Each teacher has a separate room for a class, except Miss Nettie Litchford and Mrs. C. B. Fairchild. These two fine instructors had under their charge yesterday 109 pupils. The other teachers, with the number of scholars present for duty yesterday, are: Prof. C. B. Fairchild, class of 47. As an instructor in the higher branches in this school this gentleman has a deservedly high reputation. Miss Alice Martin, 30 scholars. She has very happy way of imparting instruction to her pupils. Miss E. F. Hood, 41 scholars. This charming lady has had an extensive experience as teacher in schools in the North, and is regarded as an able and painstaking teacher. Miss E. W. Fleming, class of 37. She has recently received an appointment as teacher and begins her first term at this school. Her class appears to be under good control, and she will doubtless with a reputation. Miss Pattie Lawrence, class of 36. This class is composed of small children, and their kind instructor maintains excellent discipline. Miss Nettie Marshall has charge of the Kindergarten, and wields kind sway over 72 tiny creatures. Miss Marshall has some reputation as a Kindergarten teacher, having been an instructor under Miss Cora at the Normal School.

The children seem to fall easily and pleasantly into the routine of school duties. There are pleasures also, and no where is there a jollier, more cheery sight than these children in schools, north or south. The teachers from the North, who, of course, have had large experience, speak in the highest terms of the behavior of all the children. As a rule they are far superior in their conduct to children in schools south. There is a remarkably slight amount of profanity, while viciousness scarcely exists. The children are thoughtful, but exhibit no markedly bad traits. There has been a marked improvement in the school, both shown any concerted plan to rebel against the authority of the teachers. The parents of the children who are so pleasantly spoken of have due reason to be gratified at these favorable reports, which these teachers make.

A suggestion is made to friends of the school or its scholars, to furnish these with some means of amusement in their play ground. Swings, etc., could be obtained at a small cost. Think of these little ones who daily through the streets, passing smiling and at from school, and give them an added means of enjoyment.

Bonanza King's Brother.
One of the wealthiest men in the country was the late Mr. O'Brien, of the great firm of Flood & O'Brien, of California. Some time past Mr. O'Brien left this world for another. He left his immense fortune to various friends, relations and charities. To the daughters of a brother whom he thought to be long dead were left two hundred and fifty thousand each. Now comes the curious part of the story. In 1870 there was in the employ of Mr. J. P. Pratt, a clerk in the city market, one John O'Brien. When that building was completed O'Brien left for Wilmington. In the autumn of 1877, he came back here and soon after obtained employment with the late L. A. Bunker, a carpenter, at the Lanes Asylum. Last spring he was taken ill and has since been on a sick bed. It seems that he divulged the fact at some time that he was the brother of the California O'Brien, and one of his attempts was to get to State, and spoke of the fact. Not long ago a lawyer came here from California, to investigate the affair. He returned satisfied with the proofs, it appears, and those who are attending Mr. O'Brien here have received instructions to show him every attention, while funds sufficient for all purposes have been sent. It is said that the wife and two daughters of the sick man are in New York at the present time, knowing nothing of his condition, nor even of his being alive.

The multiplication of poison germs in diseases of the blood is exceedingly rapid. It is a fact that the blood of the body. Dr. Bull's Blood Purifier, by its peculiar influence kills these germs, and purifying the blood, removes all possible chance of disease establishing itself.

D. S. Sanders,
Beaufort, N. C., dealer in salt and fresh fish of every description, by package or barrel. All orders accompanied with cash or good references, will receive prompt attention, and be filled at the lowest market prices. d. m.

When We Demonstrate the Stomach.
By excesses of imprudence in eating, we cannot hope to escape the consequences for any great length of time. The most common result of this is indigestion. Indigestion may be cured by the use of Dr. Bull's Blood Purifier. This medicine is a powerful purgative, and it is the only one that will cure indigestion. It is a powerful purgative, and it is the only one that will cure indigestion. It is a powerful purgative, and it is the only one that will cure indigestion.

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COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

RALEIGH MARKETS.
COTTON MARKET:
Reported by W. C. McMACRIN, Official Reporter for the Standard of Trade, Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 3, 1813.

Middling, 10 1/2
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